

President A. Lincoln, in the Executive

Though the paper is not generally characterized with directness, there is in it a positive statement that no purpose existed in his mind to send any troops to Kentucky. On this assertion, which I have, until recently, not hesitated to state that I believed the President would continue to "observe" the neutrality of Kentucky, unless compelled to take a different course by a few Union men who would be entreat-

But there is every reason to believe that at the very time the President gave me the paper, he meditated deception; for on either the same day, or the previous day, an officer entirely in his confidence on this subject, left his presence, and has ever since been engaged in organizing troops in Kentucky, under the authority of the President, and with his subsequent approval.

This, of course, is as clear a violation of neutrality as if troops had been ordered from another State, and I could not perceive that the President would be guilty of such disingenuousness as to endeavor to make any distinction between ordering troops from another State, and organizing without the desire of the Governor or the Legislature, a revolutionary force in the State, thus interposing between the Government of Kentucky and its people. Under his authority the State has been de-

The development of these facts rendered it necessary that I should now make public the paper which was given me to justify the statements I have made. The paper and the other assurances of the President, induced me to believe that was sincere, and determined me, while I would not give my active support to Government that was acting so absurdly and so wickedly wrong in other respects.

at least to refrain from opposing it as long as there was enough of justice left in administration to respect the attitude assumed by my own State.

Since then, as before, my efforts, within the limited sphere of my influence, have been directed towards preserving peace amongst the people of Kentucky. If it should be the result of the violation of neutrality, my conscience is clear of offense.

S. B. BUCKNER

RUSS-SELVILLE, KY., Sept. 12, 1861.

(Reported Expressly for the Louisville Courier)

**POLICE COURT.**

GEORGE W. JOHNSTON, JUDGE.

Friday, Sept. 12.

**DRUNK AND DISORDERLY**—Henry Shiffel was surrendered by his security and charged with being disorderly and carrying concealed a deadly weapon. Bail in \$50 to answer, and \$200 for 3 months.

Wm. McKinney was arrested for being drunk and disorderly. Bail in \$100 for 3 months.

**PEACE WARRANT.**—W. Wallpol and were up on a peace warrant sued out Catherine Murphy. Dismissed at plaintiff cost.

**BAILED OUT.**—J. Schwab was bailed out of the cave.

**MISAPPLYING PUBLIC PROPERTY.**—Burke was arrested on the charge of misapplying public property. He is charged with assisting J. G. Gorsuch in conveying a portion of the State Guard arms out of the State.

**Thomas Slater sworn.**—I arrested the accused yesterday about 8 o'clock.

Joseph Harnan swore—Saw the scene with the party that took some guns for this city. Saw him get in the jawl for the party, when the guns left and started down the river. Saw guns taken from store of Duckwall, in Portland.

Fred Duckwall's story—Some time since about 9 o'clock, some thirty guns were brought to my house by different parties. Did not see accused there that night. The guns were taken away about 12 o'clock.

Chas. Enick sworn—Saw accused

Portland, about 9 o'clock the night the guns were taken, and have not seen him since until this morning. Saw J. G. Gorsuch there. The guns were taken openly.

Jno. Lecount sworn—About 8 o'clock on the night the guns were taken, accused asked me if I had seen Mitchell La Pierre.

Jas. Brady sworn—Am acquainted with Ed. Burke; belong to the Kentucky Riflemen; do not know whether accused belonged to the company or not.

S. Butterfield sworn—Am not

Wm. Chamberlain sworn—Saw some guns at Duckwall's store; did not see Burke near there.

Geo. Harman R-called—Saw J. G. G. sheeh and Mitchell La Pielte at Duckwall's. Saw Burke get into the yawl with the three. All three got into the yawl with the

C. Vonderhilde Sworn—Am acquainted with Burke. Belong to Kentucky Riflemen. Burke belongs to the same Company. The Company was mustered into service under the Kentucky State Guard. Do not know that he took the oath required by the military law.

H. Buchanan Sworn—Am a commissioned officer in J. G. Gorsuch's Company. The guns were not taken out of the State but are in the hands of a Major of the State.

We notice that since the arrest of Gorsuch, several persons, including a number of policemen, are using every effort to persecute several members of the S. Guard, and this man was arrested and fined without warrant and without law, appears from the proof that the guns of company were only moved from the cit-

The Kentucky State Guard was legally organized by the Legislature of the State has never been disbanded, and the arms placed in their hands are still in their charge, and other parties have not the right to take the arms out of the possession of the Companies, and the officers of different Companies are allowed to use the arms belonging to their respective Companies.

**Proclamation of Gen. McCulloch.**  
The following proclamation of Gen. McCulloch is in happy contrast with Federal generals, who have shown remarkable talent for stealing negroes from the South, and for deserting the Federal flag upon the contrary, when

**SOLDIERS OF ARKANSAS, LOUISIANA AND TEXAS**  
The reputation of the States that  
you here, a name in your hands. If  
is done, blame will attach to all. The  
it be the duty of all to restrain the victor  
Let not the laurels so nobly won  
10th inst., at the battle of the Oak Hills

Let it not be said of us, that we are gentlemen as well as soldiers.

ATIN 200 11 100 100 100 100











